

Current Transducer HOP 500-SB/SP1 & HOP 800 to 2000-SB

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).











Electrical data

	Туре	Primary nominal	Primary curre	nt,
		current rms	measuring ran	ige
		$I_{PN}(A)$	I _{PM} (A)	
	HOP 500-SB/SP1	500	± 1000	
	HOP 800-SB	800	± 1600	
	HOP 1000-SB	1000	± 2000	
	HOP 1500-SB	1500	± 3000	
	HOP 2000-SB	2000	± 3000	
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$	Output voltage (Analog)		± 4	V
R,	Load resistance		> 10	kΩ
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		± 12 15	V
I Č	Current consumption (m	ax)	20	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy $^{1)}$ @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, @ \pm 12 15 V (\pm 5 %)	≤ ± 2		%
$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle \! \scriptscriptstyle L}$	Linearity error 1)	≤ ± 1		%
_		Тур	Max	
\mathbf{V}_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage @ I _P = 0, T _A = 25°C	± 10	± 20	mV
V _{OM}	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$ and specified R_M ,			
O	after an overload of 3 x I _{PN}	± 10	± 20	mV
\mathbf{V}_{OT}	Temperature variation of V _o - 10°C + 70°C	± 10	± 25	mV
TCE_{G}	Thermal drift of the gain, $T_A = -10 + 70^{\circ}C$	± 10	± 40	mV
t,	Response time to 90 % of I _{PN} step	< 10		μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	50		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC '	10	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 + 70	°C
T _s	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
m	Mass	590	g
	Standard	EN 50178	

Note: 1) Excludes the electrical offset.

$I_{DN} = 500 ... 2000 A$



Features

- Open loop Hall effect transducer
- Busbar mounting or panel mounting
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Low power consumption
- Split core easy for mounting
- High isolation between the primary and the secondary circuit
- Through-hole, no insertion losses.

Applications

- Power supplies for TELECOM (monitoring & measuring)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Electrical chemistry
- Chopper
- Battery supplied applications.

Application domain

Industrial.



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Isc	plation characteristics		
V _d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3	kV
\mathbf{V}_{d} $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{w}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 6	kV
V _e	Partial discharge extinction voltage rms	> 1.5	kV
		Min	
dCp	Creepage distance 1)	21.2	mm
dCI	Clearance distance 2)	16	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	250	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, \hat{V}_w	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced isolation	500 V	500 V

Notes: 1) On housing from pin to primary hole

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

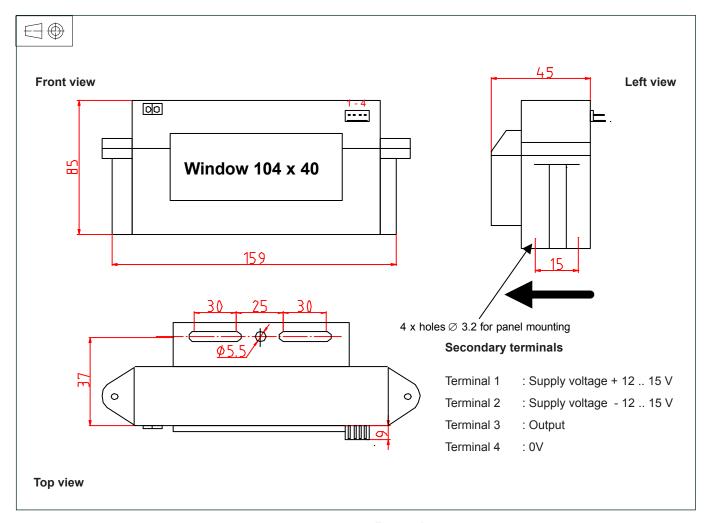
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

²⁾On housing from pin to primary hole.



Dimensions HOP 500-SB/SP1 & HOP 800 to 2000-SB (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance ± 1 mm
 Primary through hole 104 x 40 mm
 Busbar fastening or panel mounting 1 hole Ø 5.5 mm and

"Malting connector provided with the transducer"

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & 2 \text{ slot } 5.5 \text{ x } 30 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Panel mounting} & 4 \text{ x holes } 3.2 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Distance between holes axes} & 15 \text{ x } 150 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Secondary connection} & \text{MOLEX } 5045\text{-}04\text{AG} \end{array}$

Remarks

- $\bullet~~\textbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}$ is positive when \textbf{I}_{P} flows in the direction of the arrow.
- The return busbar and primary conductor elbow must be located at least at 2.5 x window length more far away from the transducer case.
- Temperature of the primary busbar cannot exceed 90°C.
- Dynamic performances are best with a primary busbar completely filling the primary aperture.